THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1815. No. 1.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Four 3 insertions, one dollar per square. Every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do. By the year, 10 dollars per do.

ADVERTISING customers are requested to specify number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
and Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

ISAAC BEAN & JAMES R. BUTLER,
Have entered into Partnership trading under the firm of

BEAN & BUTLER.

HAVE provided themselves with a large Brick Warehouse, on *Front, between Market and Wood Streets*, Pittsburgh, calculated for COMMISSION BUSINESS, and any Consignments or Orders will be carefully received and strictly attended to.

April 22, 1815.

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't two doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky

TOBACCO. SNUFF & SEGARS.

of good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.

REES JONES.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood streets, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

*** *Orders will* be received at the Warehouse of Scrros and M'Nickle, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*

Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

KENTUCKY manufactured TOBACCO.

PATENT SHOT,
Prime Green Coffee,
Loaf Sugar,
Brown Sugar and Cotton,
Indigo,
Madder,
Imperial and Bohea } Teas,
Hyson Skin }
IN STORE AND FOR SALE, BY

Allen & Grant,
WOOD STREET.

Pittsburgh, *May* 13, 1815.

Public Bathing House.

THE Proprietors of THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL BATHING HOUSE, hereby inform the Public, that the capacity of the large reservoirs for that establishment is doubled, and so arranged that the cold and warm water are perfectly seperated. The public will in a measure meet with the disappointments complained on the former arrangement.

The want of this establishment, has been considerable, and the Proprietors are sorry to say the proceeds arising from it are not sufficient to warrant the opening of it another season under the present limited patronage. It is however hoped that the new arrangement alluded to, together with a more extended knowledge of the great benefit arising from the use of Baths, in such a place as this, will in a short time, procure a more liberal encouragement.

The price of BATHING is 25 Cents. The House will be open from 5 in the morning till 9 at night.

June 15, 1815. tfq

Spinners Wanted.

A few GOOD SPINNERS, will find employment at the Shop belonging to the WOOLEN FACTORY at Steubenville.

Apply at the Factory, to

C. H. ORTH.

May, 1814. tf.

BOSLER & CO.

Have received by the FAIRSTOWER *and* LOUISIANA, *from New-Orleans.*

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR in barrels
Salted Spanish Hides
Short Staple Cotton
Indigo
Madder
Prime Spanish Cigars.

Pittsburgh, July 27, 1815.

JAMES CROSSAN,

West side of Wood Street, next door to Mr. James Morrison's, between Second and Third Streets, Pittsburgh, has just received, and is now opening in addition to his former Stock, a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

of the latest Importations, consisting of DRY GOODS, QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE, AND GROCERIES.

Dry Goods.

SUPERFINE blue, black, bottle green, claret, and drab cloths
Imperial and Bedford elastic cord
Stockinett and Berlin cords
Superfine blue, black, mixt and drab cassimers
Rose & duffield blankets
Baizes, flannels and carpeting
Black, brown & green bombazett
Supperfine dressed and undressed common and plaid calicoes
Super and superfine 6-4 and 4-4 plain and coloured cambrick muslin
Jaconet, plain, figured, mull, book, leno, spider-nett and lappet muslins
Colraine, domestick, India and British shirtings
9-8 and 4-4 Irish linen
6-4 and 3-4 dimities
Long and short nankeens
Ladies white, black, and slate coloured silk and cotton hose
Ladies white, black, brown, silk and leather gloves
Black, queens-gray & changeable silks
Levantine silks
6-4 and 7-4 damask, serge and levantine shawls
4-4, 5-4, 6-4 and 7-4 cotton shawls
White, buff, figured, marseilles, and toilinett vesting
Super silk velvet and florentine
Real and mock Madras handkerchiefs
Black fringed do.
Red, brown, blue bandano and flag do.
Light and dark pocket handkerchiefs
Laces and edgings
Pink, buff, blue and plaid ginghams
Men's half and long hose
Black and blue assorted sewing silk
Looking glasses, gilt & mahogany frames

Queensware.

Large and small cups and saucers
Small, middle sized and large edged plates
China and Liverpool cups and saucers
Large dishes. &c.

Groceries.

Best green coffee in barrels
Hyson and Young hyson tea
Sugar
Chocolate
Pepper, alspice and mustard
Cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs
Copperas and allum
Indigo and madder
Rosin soap, &c.

Hardware.

Spades and shovels
Real buck and sham handled knives and forks
Ivory and bone do.
Desert knives & forks assorted
Penknives
Scissors
American and German coffee mills
Curry combs
Hinges and screws
Commode handles
Locks and latches
Brass andirons
Brass and iron candlesticks
Elegant tea trays, waiters and baskets

Ferree's Powder.

C. & J. Ferree's Powder—also, Joshua Ferree's best Rifle Powder, wholesale and retail. Country Merchants can be supplied at the shortest notice. *July 4*, 1815. tf

N. B. All those indebted for a longer period than six months, and who do not call and settle, may expect to have their accounts put into the hands of proper officers for collection on the 25th instant.

Coal Pit For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER.

WILL sell on moderate terms 28 1-2 acres of LAND, containing COAL of an excellent quality, situate near the Turnpike road about two miles from Pittsburgh, and about half a mile from the village of Lawrenceville, where the United States are erecting very extensive works, and where great quantities of Coal will be consumed. There is a good Pit open on this Land, and in complete repair: the road from the Turnpike to the Pit is excellent.

For particulars apply to

WILLIAM B. FOSTER

Pittsburgh, June 20, 1815.

NOTICE.

PERSONS indebted to the estate of the late Doctor B. BRUNOT, are once more requested to come forward and discharge their accounts. After the first day of September next, they will be put in the hands of proper officers for collection.

FELIX BRUNOT,
FELIX BRUNOT, Jr. } *Executors.*

Pittsburgh, July 18, 1815.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN,

Have FOR SALE, at their WAREHOUSE, *at the Point,*

Juniata Bar and Roll'd IRON,
CROWLEY & BLISTERED STEEL,
HOES, AXES, CHAINS, &c.
Cut and Wrought NAILS,
New Orleans and Country SUGAR,
MOLASSES, COTTON, FEATHERS,
WINDOW GLASS, and an assorment of
GREEN GLASS HOLLOW WARE.

Pittsburgh, *July* 15, 1815. tfq

GREENSBURGH & PITTSBURGH

TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

THE President, Managers and Co. have directed the 4th, 5th, 6th Instalments of 10 per cent each on the Capital Stock of the Company, to be paid to the Treasurer in manner following, viz:—The 4th on or before the 6th of May; the 5th on or before the 6th of July; and the 6th on or before the 5th of August; of which the Stockholders will please to take notice.

WM. FREIDT, Treasurer.

1st April, 1815. 6m

Instalments, if paid within 60 days of the times appointed respectively, will be received as heretofore by Messrs. Lusley, Stewart and Morrow. W. F.

[BY AUTHORITY.]

An Act to amend the act, entitled "an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes, and for other purposes."

Sect. 1. *Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in general assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the treasurers of the several counties in this commonwealth, shall be, and they are hereby respectively authorised and directed, to commence on the 2d Monday in June, in the year 1816, and at the expiration of every two years thereafter, and adjourn from day to day if it shall be found necessary so to do, and make public sale of the whole or any part of such tracts of unseated lands, situate in the proper county, as will pay the arrearage of the taxes, any part of which shall then have remained due and unpaid for the space of one year before, together with all costs necessarily accruing by reason of such delinquency, and to make and execute a deed or deeds, in fee simple, in the manner directed by the act to which this is a further supplement; and it shall be the duty of the said county treasurer, to give at least 60 days notice of the time and place of such sales, the township or townships in which the said tracts of land are respectively situated, the number of acres contained in each tract, and the names of the warrantees or owners thereof, and the sums due upon each tract for taxes, at least 4 times in one daily newspaper in the city of Philadelphia, and in one other newspaper in or nearest to the county where such lands lie, under the penalty of $50, in each and every case, to be recovered by the owner or owners of the land sold as aforesaid, as debts of like amount are by law recoverable, but the neglect of such treasurer to cause the said publications to be made, shall not in any case, invalidate any sale made in pursuance of the provisions of this act.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That from and after the passing of this act, when any treasurer who shall have made sale of unseated lands as aforesaid, shall die or be removed from office, before any deed or deeds are executed, by him to the purchaser or purchasers, then, and in every such case, it shall be the duty of the treasurer for the time being, to perfect such title and execute a deed or deeds to the purchaser or purchasers, and they are hereby empowered and required upon the full discharge and payment of the money or price for which the said lands were sold, with such cost and charges as remain unpaid to the former treasurer, to make, execute or acknowledge any deed or deeds, and to perform and do all other matters and things that by the former treasurer might, could or ought to have been performed or done, which, when done, shall be held and adjudged as effectual in law as if the title had been completed by the former treasurer.

Sect. 3. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That it shall be the duty of the purchasers at treasurers' sales, as soon as any deed or deeds shall have been tendered, after the deeds are acknowledged, in the court of common pleas of the proper county by the treasurer who made the sale, or his successor, as the case may be, to pay to the treasurer the amount of the purchase money or such part thereof as shall be necessary to pay off the taxes and costs, and also to pay in addition, the sum of $1 for the use of the prothonotary for entering the acknowledgement of the deed; and in case the amount is not forthwith paid, it is hereby declared to be the duty of the treasurer to bring an action of debt, in the name of the proper county, for the same, in such courts as debts of equal amount are by law recoverable, and when judgement is obtained there shall be no stay of execution, nor shall it be competent for the defendant in such suit, to give in evidence, any irregularity in the assessments or proceedings of the commissioners or treasurer, touching any sale made in pursuance of this act.

Sect. 4. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if the owner or owners of lands sold as aforesaid, shall make or cause to be made, within two years after such sale, an offer or legal tender of the amount of the taxes for which the said lands were sold, and the costs, together with the additional sum of 25 per cent. on the same, to the county treasurer who is hereby authorised and required to receive and receipt for the same, and to pay it over to the said purchaser on demand, and if it shall be refused by the said treasurer, or in case the owner or owners of lands so sold, shall have paid the taxes due on them, previously to the sale, then, and in either of these cases, said owner or owners shall be entitled to recover the same by due course of law, but in no other case and on no other plea, shall an action be sustained, and it is hereby declared that so much of the act to which this is a supplement, as requires notice of the taxes being due and sale thereon to be given in certain public newspapers, is repealed, and that no alledged irregularity in the assessment, or in the process or otherwise, shall be construed or taken to affect the title of the purchaser, but the same shall be declared to be good and legal: *Provided,* That where the owner or owners of land sold as aforesaid, shall at the time of sale, be an orphan or orphans; or insane, and residing within the U. S. two years after such disability is removed shall be allowed such person or persons, their heirs or legal representatives, to bring their suit or action for the recovery, but where the recovery is affected in such cases, the value of the improvements made on the land so sold after the sale thereof, shall be ascertained by the jury, trying the action for recovery, and paid by the person or persons recovering the same, before he, she or they, shall obtain possession of the lands so recovered.

Sect. 5. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any tract of unseated land, hereafter to be sold for taxes due at this time, or which shall hereafter be imposed, shall not have bidden for it a sum equal to the whole amount of taxes for which it shall have been advertised, and the costs accrued, then, and in that case, it shall be the duty of the commissioners of the proper county or any of them, to bid off the same, and a deed shall thereupon be made by the treasurer to the commissioners for the time being, and to their successors in office, to and for the use of the proper county, and it shall be the duty of the commissioners to provide a book, wherein shall be entered the name of the person as whose estate the same shall have been sold, the quantity of land, and the amount of taxes it was sold for, and every such tract of land shall not thereafter, so long as the same shall remain the property of the county, be charged in the duplicate of the proper collector; but for 5 years next following such sale, if it shall so long remain unredeemed, the commissioners shall, in separate columns in the same book, charge every such tract of land with reasonable county and road tax, according to the quality of the said land, not exceeding in any case the sum of $6 for every hundred acres.

Sect. 6. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the right of redemption shall remain in the real owner of such land for 5 years after such sale, and on paying the treasurer of the county all the taxes and costs due thereon at the time of sale, and interest therefor for the same time, and also the taxes which shall have been assessed thereon from year to year after the sale, and interest of each assessment to be counted from the time it ought to have been paid, and on the production of the treasurer's receipt, the commissioners shall, by deed pole, endorsed on the back of the treasurer's deed to them, convey to the person who shall have been the owner of the land at the time of sale, or his legal representative, all the right and title which the county may have acquired under such sale as aforesaid; the monies so received for road taxes shall be paid to supervisors of the roads of the township in which such lands shall lie, on orders to be drawn by the commissioners on the treasurer, to be applied by them in making & repairing the roads and highways in their respective townships.

Sect. 7. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if the owner of any such land shall not redeem the same within the period aforesaid, it shall thereafter be lawful for the commissioners to sell any such land, by public sale, and make a deed therefor to the purchaser, which shall be available in law, as well against the county as against the person or persons as whose estate the same had been sold, but no tract shall be sold for a sum less than the amount of taxes, costs and interests which shall be due at the time of such sale by the commissioners, & such land shall thereafter be charged by the township assessors in the name of such last purchaser or redeemer, as other lands of equal value may be charged, and shall again be liable to be assessed and sold for taxes, agreeably to this act and the act to which this is a supplement.

Sect. 8. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That any board of commissioners may direct the treasurer of the proper county to receive in advance, for any term not exceeding six years, a sum which in their estimation shall be equal to the taxes that ought to be imposed on any such land or lands, during the period for which they shall so compound with the owner as aforesaid.

Sect. 9. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That the form of the deed required by this act to be executed by the treasurer to the commissioners, may be in the following words, viz: "Whereas, a tract of unseated land containing acres, situate township, in the county of surveyed to hath been rated and assessed with divers taxes, to wit, county taxes, dollars, and road taxes, dollars, which remain unpaid, and the treasurer having offered the same for sale, agreeably to law, and no person bidding therefor a sum equal to the amount of taxes due, and the costs of advertising and sale, it therefore became the duty of the commissioners to buy the same which they have accordingly done on the day last past, for the sum of dollars. Now, this indenture witnesseth, that I treasurer of said county, do, for and in consideration of the said sum, grant, bargain, and sell the said tract of land to commissioners of said county, to hold to them and their successors in office forever, subject to the redemption allowed by law. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the day of

Sealed and delivered in the presence of } (Seal.)

Acknowledged by the grantor before one of the justices of the peace of the county of

Witness the hand and seal of said justice the day of (Seal.)

All which sales to the commissioners, shall be entered by the clerk in their book of minutes, as well as any redemption which may happen, and sales by them after the right to redeem is passed over.

Sect. 10. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That it shall be the duty of the commissioners of each county wherein a newspaper shall be printed, to cause this act to be published at least 3 times, in at least one newspaper published in said county, and the commissioners of the city and county of Philadelphia, shall also cause the same to be published at least 3 times in two of the newspapers in the city of Philadelphia.

Sect. 11. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That such parts of the act to which this is a supplement, and so much of any other act of assembly as are altered or supplied by this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

JACOB HOLGATE,
Speaker of the house of representatives.
JOHN TOD,
Speaker of the senate.

Approved—the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen.

SIMON SNYDER.

MERINO WOOL.

THE subscribers have just received a consignment of WOOL which they offer on liberal terms for approved notes, viz:

100 lbs. Full Blood,
200 lbs 3-4th do. } *Washed on the back.*
400 do. half do.
300 lbs Full Blood,
600 do 3-4th do } *Not washed.*
500 do half do

ALSO,

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR, 1st quality.
Do. LOAF
Coffee best green
Young Hyson } Teas.
Hyson Skin }
Souchong }
Tobacco
BRANDY.
Jamaica Rum 4th proof
Gin
Whiskey
Salt 1st quality
Shad (this season's)
Bacon

Together with an excellent assortment of

Ironmongery. Liquors and Groceries.

M'CLEAN & DOANE.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

COPPER, &c.

C. RAEORG & SON, No. 13 Water Street,

HAVE received by the late arrivals from Liverpool, a complete assortment of BRAZIER'S COPPER, consisting of

SHEETS, 60 by 30 }
Do. 26 by 52 } Inches.
Do. 26 by 48 }

RAISED AND FLAT BOTTOMS,
from 16 to 48 inches diameter,
Which they offer for Sale on reasonable terms.

Baltimore, June 24, 1815.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the Subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Allegheny

STEWART & REED.

July 4, 1815. tf.

NOTICE.

THE Banks west of the Mountains are most respectfully informed, that the Bank Note Printing Office in Pittsburgh will be kept constantly open for the sole accommodation of Banks, where the utmost care shall be uniformly devoted for the entire satisfaction of those Banks who will confer the honor of their business. Specimens of engraving, printing and paper, may be examined at any time, at the Office in Fourth street between Market & Wood Streets.

C. P. HARRISON.

June 1, 1815.

FOR SALE,

A valuable Tract of Land,

CONTAINING 237 acres, situate in Plumb township, Allegheny county, one mile north of Cavet's Mill, the property of John M'Grew, of Adams county. There are several cabins on the premises, about 80 acres cleared, 5 or 6 sugar camps, and upwards of 80 acres of first rate bottom. This farm is not more than 15 miles from Pittsburgh. An indisputable title will be given, and payments made easy. For particulars apply to THOMAS BRACKEN, Pittsburgh, or to SIMON M'GREW, North-Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. June 23, 1815.

GINSENG.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase 20,000lbs. of good GINSENG, well washed, dried and sifted. Now is the time to gather it; and from the great quantities in the vicinity of Pittsburgh and the adjoining counties, and the easy manner in which it is collected, no greater inducements to honest and laudable industry has been offered. The Farmer who has a surplus of hands, perhaps too tender for more laborious work; the needy families who have to depend on the caprices of fortune for a temporary subsistence, ought now to leave their less profitable work and gather Ginseng, which will bring the Cash, necessaries of life, or *wearing apparel*. No matter how small the quantity of Ginseng, so that it is well washed, dried and sifted, and sound roots. The subscriber will attend to it. Those wishing to supply larger quantities, are informed that it must be in the above condition, and packed in tight casks of 150 to 200lbs each, and to be delivered in the course of the ensuing fall, to the subscriber, in Pittsburgh. Letters on this subject immediately attended to.

ISAAC HARRIS,
S. W. Corner of the Diamond.

Aug. 19, 1815.

☞ N. B. FLAXSEED and DRIED FRUIT, will be taken in exchange for Goods, at the market prices.

Farmers & Mechanicks Bank of Pittsburgh, July 25, 1815.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, that a FOURTH INSTALMENT of the Stock of this Bank, consisting of Two Dollars and Fifty Cents on each share, is required to be paid at the Banking House, on or before the first day of September next.

By order of the Board of Directors,
GEORGE LUCKEY, *Cashier.*

METALIC
Cups, Saucers and Tumblers.

A supply of the above elegant, cheap and durable WARE,
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE, BY
Messrs. WRENSHALL & BOGGS, and ANDREW WILT, Market Street.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1815. eow3t.

N. B. All orders for the above Ware, from the Western Country, promptly attended to, by O'BRIEN & DYOTT, Pittsburgh, *Agents for the Manufacturer.*

CHEAP GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND *RETAIL.*

THE Subscriber having removed from his old stand in Market Street to the corner of DIAMOND ALLEY and WOOD STREET, opposite Mr. Sturgeon's Tavern, offers for Sale, a large and handsome assortment of

Summer and Fall Goods,

which, having been purchased principally for Cash, he is enabled to sell as low as any in the market. Country purchasers are invited to call, examine the goods, and judge for themselves.

ARTHUR F. GORE.

Pittsburgh, August 3, 1815. 3m

John & Robert Griffith,
FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES, ENGLAND.
(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing OF

EARTHEN WARE,

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following Articles, warranted equal to any of the kind imported.

Black and brown glazed Coffee POTS,
Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c.

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to ANSHUTZ, RAHM & Co. will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh,
July 6, 1815. 3

WILLIAM HILL,
South East corner of Market and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH.

Has just received and now opening a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,
Consisting of

SUPERFINE London, second and habit cloths
Coarse cloths, moleskins and coatings
Cassimers and stockinetts
Elastic cords and velvets
Flannels and baises
Rose, point and duffield blankets
Sup. dressed and undressed prints
Cambric and Scots undressed gingham
White lace handkerchiefs embroidered and plain
4-4 figured and plain white silk lace
White and black gauzes and crapes
Common prints and plates
Black and coloured muslin
Cambric and fancy do.
British and domestic shirtings
Marseilles, fancy, toilinett and swansdown vesting
Levantine and Mantua silk
Levantine, damask and serged shawls
Common do. 5-4 to 8-4
Sup. and common Madras handkerchiefs
Gentlemen's beaver, silk, and buckskin gloves
Ladies beaver, York tan'd, silk, long and short kid gloves
Do. silk, worsted and cotton hose
Mens' silk and cotton hose and half hose
Silk and cotton umbrellas and parasols
Gentlemen's Philadelphia beaver hats
Ribbands, sewing silk, silver twist, and a great variety of fancy articles.

Also,—Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Liquors, Shoes, English, Crowley, and Swedish tub Steel, Spades and Shovels, &c. &c. which will be sold at a very moderate advance, wholesale and retail, for cash or negociable paper.

W. H. is at all times enabled to fill orders for the following Articles, viz:—
Country Linen, flax and tow
Twilled Bags
Country Half Hose, woolen
Butter in kegs.

July 28, 1815. 3m.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS FOR SALE his FARM, situate in Pitt Township, 3 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 17 acres, 14 of which are cleared, and in a high state of cultivation, on which is erected a large two story Stone House, with the convenience of a Distillery and Brewery, and excellent water. The terms are Cash in hand. For further particulars, enquire of JACOB C. HOSTER, Diamond, Pittsburgh, or of the subscriber on the premises.

August 7, 1815. JOHN WEDEKIND.

THE LIGHT HOUSE.

BY THOMAS MORE.

THE scene was more beautiful far to my eye
Than if day in its pride had array'd it:
The land breeze blew mild, and the azure arch'd sky
Look'd pure as the Spirit that made it.

The murmur rose soft as I silently gaz'd
On the shadowy waves' playful motion,
From the dim distant isle, till the Light-house fire blaz'd
Like a star in the midst of the ocean.

No longer the joy of the Sailor boy's breast
Was heard in the wildly breath'd numbers;
The sea-bird had flown to his wave-girded nest,
The fisherman sunk to his slumbers.

One moment I look'd from the hill's gentle slope,
(All hushed was the billows commotion)
And thought the Light-House loook'd lovely as Hope,
That star of life's tremulous ocean.

The time is long past and the scene is afar,
But, when my head rests on its pillow,
Will memory sometimes rekindle the star
That blaz'd on the breast of the billow.

In life's closing hour, when the trembling soul flies,
And death stills the heart's last emotion,
O! Then may the Seraph of Mercy arise
Like a star on Eternity's Ocean!

BOSTON, *August* 5

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

Arrived at this port this morning, the British armed brig **Helena**, capt. Drummond, prize to the privateer Morgiana, of New York, 37 days from London.—She has been captured, re-captured after the limited time, and restored to her original owners on paying salvage. The high court of admiralty ordered her restoration to the captors.

The Helena was boarded from the frigate Congress off Sicily, July 3d, then 21 days from Boston for Holland, and all well. Capt. D. gave the passengers in the Congress his two latest papers of 25th and 26th June; papers to June 24 are received.

Despatches had been received from Lord Wellington, dated the 20th of June, at Binch, a place just without the French frontier line, on the left bank of the Sambre, and within a mile of Lobez, where the Prussian out-posts were situated before the attack of the 15th. Marshal Blucher had passed the French frontier, and had his head quarters at Beaumont. In the engagement of the 15th, the 42d British regt. is said to have been almost literally cut to pieces, and of the 79th, only 2 officers and 53 privates were left.

When Blucher was about porsuing the French, he thus familiarly addressed his soldiers:

"CHILDREN! We must pursue them to-night, or else they will be teazing us to-morrow."

Bonaparte, was it is said, several times inclosed with the troops of the allies, and extricated almost by a miracle.

It is said, that in the battle of the 18th the British and French were at one time so closely engaged, that the duke of Wellington's personal staff were intermixed with the French cavalry. The total loss of the British on that day, is stated at 8000, and that of the French at 5000. In the engagement of the 18th there were more killed & taken. One of the Duke's staff, says, "that when the French cavalry charged, he (the Duke) placed himself in the hollow squares of our infantry, and when the cavalry failing in its efforts to break us, passed by, that he (the Duke) charged at the head of the infantry." Wellington was in close conversation with the Earl of Uxbridge, when the latter received the ball in his knee.

A French paper of the 20th was reported to have been received in London, containing a French account of the engagements, in which Bonaparte admitted a loss of 30,000 men, which however, he says, he had first taken from the enemy: he also says, that the allies lost 60,000 men in the various affairs, and that the French army had covered itself with glory, but he thought it best to fall back upon marshal Mortier, who had 2 corps consisting of 60,000 men, fresh troops. But it seems Mortier remained behind; he had the rheumatism, and Beaumont, where Bonaparte left him, was the very place occupied by marshal Blucher on the 20th. There was a great firing at Dunkirk, supposed to have been occasioned by some disturbances.

Earl Bathurst in the House of Lords, June 23, states, that he had that day received despatches, from which it appeared, that the effects of the victory of the 18th had been 500 prisoners brought into Brussels, and 2000 more on the road, and others whose arrival might be daily expected.

Gen. Wrede, with the Bavarians, to the number of 60,000, was said to be meditating a dash upon Leon, where were placed the French magazines, artillery and stores. The French force not less than 130,000 men.

Before the opening of the campaign, the 1st and 3d corps of the French army had concentrated, and hoisted the *black flag*. They openly avowed that they would give no quarter to the Prussians, and in general they kept their word.

Among the prisoners taken on the 18th are the count of Lobau, (Bertrand) who commanded the 6th corps; Vandamme, who commanded the 3d; Compans, who commanded a division of the guards; Canbrone, Mouton, a general of division, and Lefebvre Desnoetts.

It was also reported, but unofficially, that Bonaparte had lost an arm, and that Jerome and Murat were among the slain.

From the London Statesman, June 24.

Further despatches were receeived yesterday from the duke of Wellington, dated Binche, June 20, to which place his Grace had removed his Head Quarters, after his visit to Brussels on the preceding day. Binch is about 30 miles from Brussels, and about half that way in advance of the field of battle. This movement on the part of the British, was doubtless for the purpose of giving all possible support, necessary, to Blucher's army, who are said to have continued the pursuit of the enemy beyond the frontier. The Prussian Chief is stated to have entered France, in the direction of Beaumont, with the view of endeavoring to get round the French line of retreat, and cutting off his remaining force. It does not appear to us that the French have yet been compelled to give up the possession of Charleroy, a strong position on the frontier, and on the line of the Sambre. It is reported that gen. Wrede with the Bavarians amounting to 60,000, had determined to make a dash upon Laon, where the magazines, artillery & stores of the French army were collected; and doubtless could he or any other general of the Allies, penetrate so far before Napoleon, it would be an effectual blow to his remaining strength.

The taking of prisoners seems not to have been thought of in the engagement. Never was mercy less sought or given. *Before the opening of the campaign,* the 1st and 3d corps of the French had confederated and hoisted *the black flag.*—They openly avowed that they would *give no quarter to the Prussians,* and in general *they kept their word.*

We understand the duke of Wellington is not yet able to be precise in the specification of his loss. He appears to have made a good many prisoners after the great struggle. He desires that vessels may be sent to convoy 10,000 to England.

From the London Courier.

The French after they were routed retired in the greatest disorder—they threw down their army by whole regts. The Prussian cavalry gave them no rest, pursuing them the whole night. All the roads were choaked with the dying or the dead, with cannon, baggage, &c.—Bonaparte's carriage, plate, correspondence fell into our hands. The loss of killed and wounded is estimated at 40,000. The number of cannon taken exceeds 500. The French Imperial Guards is said to have been nearly destroyed.

On all sides was seen a total disregard of personal danger. The leaders were mingled in the heat of the fray like the meanest soldier. The Duke of Wellington was in close conversation with Lord Uxbridge when the latter received the ball in his knee. His lordship had been throughout the day foremost in danger & glory. Marshal Blucher it is said was for some moments a prisoner. As to Bonaparte, he was more than once inclosed among the British troops, and disentangled as it were by miracle.

"Never before, (says the British commander) was I obliged to take such pains for victory, and never before so nigh being beaten, as on the 18th of June."

Among the things which have fallen into the hands of the victors is the Grand Order of the Black Eagle, which the King of Prussia had given to Napoleon. The insignia of the order bears the motto, "*every one his own.*" But a thing which history will notice, and which deserves to be recorded, is, that the victory was decided at a place called *La Belle Alliance.*

HAGUE, JUNE 21.

The joy for the victory over Bonaparte, is very great. A general illumination will take place this evening.

BALTIMORE, *August* 5.

ALGERINE FRIGATE AND BRIG CAPTURED.

Arrived brig Venus, THOMPSON, in 52 days from Naples.

From the Log Book of the Venus.

June 26, boarded the British brig Mandunal bound to Gibraltar: informed he was boarded on the morning of the 29th, by a schr. of the American squadron, off Cape Palos, which gave him the following information: On the 18th, an Algerine frigate of 44 guns surrendered to a brig and a schr. of the squadron, after an action of 3 hours. The same day an Algerine brig of war was chased on shore by 3 schrs. of the squadron; after a boat action of half an hour, her crew abandoned her, and she was taken possession of by our people; the frigate and brig were ordered for Carthagena.

The boarding schr. had on board 300 of the prisoners in double irons, a proportionable number was on board every vessel in the squadron. The frigate had 600 men on board, out of which 125 were killed and wounded, the commander in chief of the Algerine forces was killed.

The Mandunal informed, that the whole Algerine force was out. June 28, off Gibraltar, passed within hail of the British brig Egyptian, who confirmed the capture of the frigate by the brig and schr: at 9 P. M. spoke the British brig Friends from Alicant bound to Portsmouth, who said he was in sight from the commencement to the conclusion of the action, and saw her surrender to the brig and schr.; he called her a frigate of the first class.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1815.

We have excluded a variety of matter prepared for this day's paper, to make room for the important foreign news brought by late arrivals at Boston.

Since our last we have received most important intelligence. The second abdication of Napoleon is placed beyond a doubt. It is officially announced in Paris papers received by the Abælino.

His career has indeed been short.—Four months have scarcely elapsed since he was replaced on the throne of the Bourbons, and now, by a single but tremendous effort has he been hurled from his seat, and a whole nation subdued. He, whose energies have been exerted to

"Rend and deracinate
"The unity and married calm of states;"

who has been impiously styled "the favourite agent of heaven," raised up in these degenerate times, to subvert established governments, and give liberty and happiness to the world, has fallen—we trust like Lucifer, never to rise again.

It is with infinite concern that we announce the death of the Hon. JAMES A. BAYARD, late Commissioner at Ghent. He returned to this country in the ship Neptune, in very reduced health; and was landed at Wilmington, Del. where he expired on Sunday night last, in the bosom of his family and friends. His loss to them is irreparable:—to his country it is incalculable.

BOSTON, *Aug.* 5, 4 *o'clock, P. M.*

The brig Abælino, capt. WYER, has just arrived from France; and brings Paris papers to the 23d June: they contain,

OFFICIAL ACCOUNTS, of the GREAT OVERTHROW OF THE WHOLE FRENCH ARMY, on the 18th June, with the loss of all its Cannon, Baggage and Stores:

The rapid flight of Bonaparte to Paris:

Of HIS ABDICATION of his Throne; and its acceptation by the Legislative Body:

Of the choice of a Provisional Government of 5 persons: and

The Declaration of Marshal Ney, in the House of Peers, that the Allies would be in Paris in 6 or 7 days; and that their safety required that they should make an immediate application to the Allied Powers for Peace.

FRENCH HOUSE OF PEERS.
Permanent Session—June 22, 1815.

M. LACEPEDE in the Chair.

The Minister of the Interior demanded to speak in the name of the Emperor.

He then read the following Declaration of the Emperor, viz:

Declaration to the French People.

FRENCHMEN!

In commencing War to support the Independence of the Nation, I calculated upon the co-operation of all the efforts and the wishes of all the National Authorities. I had reason to hope for success; and I have braved all the denunciations of the Powers against me. Circumstances are changed. I offer myself a sacrifice to the hatred of the enemies of France. May they be sincere in their declarations; and have no other designs than such as are directed against my person.

MY POLITICAL LIFE IS ENDED—and I proclaim my Son, under the title of Napoleon II. Emperor of the French.

The existing Ministers will form provisionally a Council of Government. The affection which I bear to my Son, induces me to invite the Chambers without delay to organize a Regency by law.

Unite yourselves for the public safety, and preserve the independence of the Nation.

Done at the Palace of Elysium, June 22*d,* 1815.

(Signed) NAPOLEON.

Authenticated by Count BORLAY.

This message was refered to a Committee of Seven.

The Minister of the Interior, (Carnot) ascended the tribune, and in the name of the Minister of War, communicated, in substance, the following:

That the duke of Dalmatia has rallied 2000 of the old Guard at Rocroi; that 5 000 rallied near Meziers; that marshal Grouchy has beat Blucher at one point, and has passed the Sambre, and made a junction with the duke of Dalmatia; In short, 60,000 men covered the entire frontier of the North. We can yet send 10,000 men, and collect, with those at Paris, 200 pieces of cannon.

Marshal Ney protested with great energy against this letter; and declared it to be wholly false.

"Under the existing circumstances," exclaimed the marshal, "truth is due to the nation. There are not 60,000 men on the frontier of the North. The enemy can pass it every where. The duke of Dalmatia and marshal Grouchy cannot rally at one point, 25,000 men. If marshal Grouchy had been unhurt on the 18th, he would have made a movement to the left. What is said in the letter of the rallying of the old guard is false. It was I who commanded it under the Emperor; and I know what is left of it. The enemy *can enter Paris in 6 or 7 days.*—The only way you have to provide for the public safety, is to make propositions to the enemy."

A very desultory debate ensued, on a variety of propositions relating to the exigency of the times.

Prince Lucien made a proposition to proclaim Napoleon II. Emperor of France. The proposition occasioned a lively debate, but no question was taken upon it.

At half past 3 o'clock a message was received from the Representatives, covering their resolutions for the appointment of a Provisional Government.

The Peers then proceeded to the choice of two Members, on its part, to form the Provisional Government.

The Duke of Vicence and the Baron Quinette, were chosen on the part of the Peers. The Duke de Otranto, Count Carnot, and Gen. Grenier were chosen by the Representatives.

After long discussions in both houses the 3 members chosen to form the Provisional Government, are the Duke of Otranto, (Fouche) *Minister of the General Police*; *Count Carnot, Minister of the Interior*; and Gen. Grenier.

BOSTON, *June* 7.

By the cartel ship Mary, arrived this evening, 36 days from Plymouth, we have received the London Star of June 27 inst. It contains the details of the proceedings in the French legislature on the 21st and 22d June, and the account of the battle which we had before received in Paris papers by the Abællino, and of which we give translations in this day's paper. It also contains an abstract of the proceedings of the 23d of June, and the important intelligence *that Wellington had arrived within two days march of Paris.*

The following is the Postscript contained in the second edition of the Star.

THE DUKE OF WELLINGTON WITHIN TWO DAYS MARCH OF PARIS

London Star Office, 2 o'clock.

A Telegraphic Despatch from the Coast has this instant announced to the Admiralty that the illustrious Wellington had reached La Fere *en Tardenois* on Saturday last, and was pursuing his march upon Compiegne, which was expected to arrive that night.

Compiegne is 21 leagues, or 52 Eng. miles, from Paris.

The Prussians, under Blucher, have occupied Laon, and were also advancing upon Paris by forced marches.

The inhabitants had uniformly received the Allies with great joy, and supplied them with provisions.

We have received the *Moniteur* 24th. It is filled with an account of the proceedings of the Chambers on the 23d, which were very tumultuous. Lucien Bonaparte impertinently insisted in the House of Peers, on his rights as a French Prince.

A member, called Ponte Coulan, told him in answer that he was not yet even a *Frenchman!*

Count Labedoyre said, that all present were traitors to the Emperor.

This motion was deferred.

In the Chamber of Representatives the proceedings were alike tumultuous. The majority seemed, however, to recognize Napoleon II. In the mean time, the Provisional Government has begun its functions. Fouche is President.

Paris with the exception of crowds of politicians gaping here and there for news, is tranquil.

It is not true that Bonaparte has been arrested.

The Resolution for granting 200,000*l.* to the Duke of Wellington was agreed to by the House of Peers, June 20th.

ST. LOUIS, JULY 20.

NEWS FROM MEXICO.

Joseph Philibert an industrious inhabitant of St. Louis, arrived here on Sunday last from the Spanish villages, near St. a Fee. He left that place on the 3d April, 1814, with a barge of 18 men, to trade with the Arapahow Indians who reside on the heads of the Platte and Osage rivers, and fixed his hunting camp about four leagues north of the place where Capt. Pike was taken by the Spaniards. He had despatched on the 15th Sept. 2 of his men in search of beaver dams, who fell in with 40 Spaniards catching horses; they were taken prisoners to the St. Fee village, and from thence to St. a Fee, and after examination, 250 men were sent to Philibert's camp, where he and his men were made prisoners of, and was conducted to his trading camp on the Arkansas, where the Spaniards made him shew where his merchandize and beaver was deposited, which they took possession of and conveyed it as well as himself and his men to St. a Fee. On his arrival he was well treated and had his liberty. After 50 days detention he was remanded to the front frontiers on the road to his hunting camp. During this period the Gov. wrote to the com'g General at Durango for instructions, and he was finally ordered to pay the expence of his capture and subsistence during his captivity, and he had to relinquish his merchandize to meet the demand, after which he was liberated. Upon the whole it was a ruinous business.

On his leaving St. a Fee, he was informed he must be conveyed to the American territory, but owing to the inclemency of the weather he was suffered to remain at the little village of Taos, until last February, from whence he made the best of his way to this place with his broken fortune.

The royalists were in much consternation in consequence of the recent successes of the independent party. The seat of government was removed from Chiguagua to Durango in consequence of the treason of the Vice Roy, and when Mr P was about to depart, the Royal Spanish commandant informed him that the rebels were within 2 days march of Durango; that they were very brave, only firing one round when they charged with sword and bayonet. That the French gen. Humbert and Dr. Robinson was in command in the army of the independents.

M'Dermott's Fort, July 10, 1815.

SIR—Never did the Indians parties shew a more determined intention of hostility than at present in this quarter; yesterday about 2 o'clock in the evening, 5 privates of my company, as they were passing along the common road, leading from St. Charles to this place within two miles of the fort, had their attention arrested by the bleating of a fawn, and on turning a little that way, discovered two Indians raise up behind a large laying down tree, about 50 yards from them, and as one of the Indians was raising his gun to his face, one of the men fired at

...the Indian fell and was seen no more, ...while he was loading his gun, an In... ...fired at him and shot through his ...pouch and waistband of his panta... ...His fellow in arms had taken a ...behind a tree, shot an Indian who ...behind another loading his gun, and ...he supposed was noticing the other ...He saw him fall behind the tree, ...not knowing how many Indians there ...they made the best of their way to ...fort.

Seven men then went in pursuit of the ...ians, and found the beds of 3 Indians ...ind the tree and saw where the ball ...tly touched the bark and considera... ...blood, and on pursuing their trail ...some leaves which had been put in ...woand; saw blood frequently on the ... Thinking themselves too weak they ...up the pursuit for that day, News ...brought me immediately at Loutre ...and this day I arrived here with ...en, to continue the search, hoping the ...nded Indian might be found, but the ...ens and my men had been out early ...morning, they could not trail the ...ians far: saw the sign of 3 Indians ...inctly.

WM: HARL, *Capt. Mis. Mil.*

CAPTAIN TREAT'S TRIAL.

It will be recollected that Major Gene... ...Brown, in his report of the battle of ...ippewa, has the following remarks re... ...ive to capt. Treat, of the 21st regt.

"Early in the morning of the 5th [July ...] the enemy commenced a petty war ...on our pickets, and as he was indulged ...presumption increased; by noon he ...ced himself on the left of our exterior ...and attacked one of our pickets as it ...s returning to camp.—Capt. Treat, ...o commanded it retired disgracefully, ...ving a wounded man on the ground. ...Biddle, of the artillery, who was ...the scene, impelled by feelings high... ...honorable to him as a soldier and offi..., promptly assumed the command of ...picket, led it back to the wounded ..., and brought him off the field. I or... ...capt. Treat, on the spot, to retire ...the army; and as I am anxious that ...officer shall remain under my com... ...who can be suspected of cowardice, ...advise that capt. Treat and Lt. ——, ...was also with this picket, be struck ...the rolls of the army."

Immediately after the affair, General ...wn issued an order suspending Capt. ...eat from command. Capt. T. deman... ...a court of inquiry. It was not gran..., but a Court Martial was ordered at ...Erie. The left division of the army ...ched to Sackett's Harbour soon after, ...the Court was dissolved.

Capt. Treat immediately proceeded to ...ett's Harbour by permission from ..., Gen. Izard; and requested another ...Martial. Maj. Gen. Brown, on ...th of April, 1815, after the repeated ...ations of capt. Treat, issued an or... ...organizing a Court, consisting of

Col. M'FEELY, *President.*
Lieutenant Colonel SMITH,
Major CROKER,
Major BOYLE,
Major M'ELHENY,
Major CHANE,
Captain WHITE,
} *Members.*
Captain SEYMOUR, *Supernumerary.*
W. ANDERSON, 13th Regt. *Judge Adv.*

The Court met and proceeded on the ...d the 8th April, 1815, at Sackett's Har... ...They closed the investigation on ...th May; when Capt. Treat was ...rably acquitted.

The following is a copy of the decision ...e Court:—

"After mature deliberation on the tes... ...ny adduced, the Court find the accu... ...Captain JOSEPH TREAT, of the 21st ..., not guilty of the charge or spe... ...ations preferred against him and do ...honorably acquit him."

The sentence of the court was APPRO... ...D by Major General Brown, and ...ulgated on the 28th June—at Sack... ...Harbour.

The trial will, in a short time, be pub...ed.

On the 13th of July last, the ceiling of ...English Presbyterian Church in York, ...a.) together with all the timber it ...ttached to, fell down and crushed a ...ber of seats and injured the whole; ...ed day of the Rev. Robert Cath... ...preach to the Congregation, was ...Sunday following; had this disaster ...taken place at the time of worship, there ...ould not from all appearance been ten ...sons in the congregation that would ...escaped with life, or have been bruis... ...so as to render them useless all their ...days.

...sh Drugs, Dye Stuffs and PAINTS.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their ...stomers and the Public in general, that ...ddition to their former Stock, they have ...ust received from New York and Philadel... ...a VERY EXTENSIVE AND GENERAL SUPPLY ...DRUGS, *Dye Stuffs and PAINTS*, ...ich they will engage to sell at Philadelphia ..., with the addition of carriage. It is ...ore presumed, that Merchants and Phy... ...ans will save themselves the trouble of ...ing goods across the mountains.

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,
In Wood between 1st and 2d Streets.
...rgh, Aug. 17, 1815. tfq

FOR SALE, BY

...HRAS & DOBBIN, 4,500 Acres of Land, ...in the State of Ohio, viz:
...,500 Acres in Highland County,
...,500 do. in Washington do.
...,500 do. in Fayette do.

For the terms, and a description of the Land, ...ply at the WAREHOUSE at the POINT.

...rgh, July 8, 1815. tf

SCHEME OF THE Grand National Lottery.

WHICH positively commences drawing in the City of Baltimore, on the 28th day of August, 1815.

	PRIZES OF		is	
5	$ 20,000			$ 100,000
2	- -	10,000	-	20,000
10	- -	5,000	-	50,000
25	- -	1,000	-	25,000
30	- -	500	-	15,000
100	- -	100	-	10,000
200	- -	50	-	10,000
600	- -	20	-	12,000
15800	- -	10	-	158,000

Not 2 Blanks to a Prize.

PART OF THE PRIZES DETERMINABLE AS FOLLOWS:

First drawn 10,000 blanks each $ 10
First drawn Ticket on the 20th, 30th, 40th and 60th days each 20,000
First drawn Ticket on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 25th, 35th, 45th, 56th, 65th, 75th and 80th days each 5000
Payable in part by 500 Tickets; each commencing with 45,000 and ending with 50,000.
The first drawn Prize entitled to 500 Tickets from 45000 to 45500 inclusive and so in regular succession.
First drawn Ticket on the 2d, 7th, 12th, 17th, 22d, 27th, 32d, 37th, 42d, 47th, 52d, 57th, 62d, 67th, 72d, 77th and 82d days each 1,000
First drawn Ticket on the 3d, 8th, 13th, 18th, 23d, 28th, 33d, 38th, 43d, 48th, 53d, 58th, 63d, 68th, 73d, 78th and 83d days each 500

TICKETS AND SHARES,

For Sale at the store of Charles Pentland & Co. in the N.W. side of the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 14, 1815. 8wq

To all whom it may concern:

WHEREAS, I JAMES BRYAN, have falsely and maliciously circulated of and concerning John Crookshanks untruths, and made declarations against his character, which had a tendency to injure him. I do therefore, by these presents solemnly declare, that the declarations which I have made prejudicial to his character, are totally destitute of truth.

JAMES BRYAN.

August 16, 1815.

Candle Manufactory.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has erected a Dip and Mould CANDLE MANUFACTORY, in the Diamond; where he will keep constently on hand, and offers WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, dipt and mould CANDLES of the best quality, and on the most reasonable terms.

THOMAS COLEMAN.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 19, 1815.

N. B. The highest prices given for Tallow and rough fat.

BROKE into the inclosure of the Subscriber, living in Plumb Township, Allegheny county, near Turtle Creek, some time in October last, a RED COW, with a white face, a piece out of the lower edge of the left ear, branded slightly on the horns, the letters not perceivable. The owner is desired to come prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JAMES JORDEN.

Aug. 15, 1815.

NOTICE.

THE partnership of WAY & BLAINE has been dissolved by mutual consent, since the 11th of May last. All those who remain indebted to said firm are requested to come forward and pay off their respective balances.

Abishai Way. EPHRAIM BLAINE, ABISHAI WAY.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars*.

ABISHAI WAY.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

To the PLANE MAKING *Business*,

TWO APPRENTICES, from 14 to 16 years of age. Lads from the Country will be preferred. Apply to the subscriber.

WM. EVENS, *Plane Maker.*

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815.

W. Anderson & Co.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner of Wood and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.
GORMLY, W. & S. BELL,

MERCHANTS of Pittsburgh, respectfully inform the Public, that they have taken WILLIAM ANDERSON, into partnership, and that on the 1st day of July next, they will open a COMMISSION WAREHOUSE, under the firm of *W. ANDERSON & CO.* in the house formerly occupied by Messrs. T. & J. Cromwell: The situation they have chosen is one of the best in the place, and from its neighbourhood to the river, well calculated for the Storage and Sale of country produce.

They will receive and forward Goods, and transact all business in their line on the most liberal terms. They flatter themselves that their industry and promptitude will entitle them to a portion of public patronage.

GORMLY, W. & S. BELL,
W. ANDERSON.

Pittsburgh, June 7, 1815. tfq

The Editors of the "SPY," Cincinnati, (O.) the "MONITOR," Lexington, and the "COURIER," Louisville, (Ky.) will insert the above 2 months, and send their bills to W. A. & Co.

THOMAS POPE,

Architect,

BRIDGE BUILDER AND LAND SURVEYOR,

PITTSBURGH.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that having the honor of possessing a practical as well as theoretical knowledge in the above professions, he is ready to furnish with suitable designs (*and execute if required*) for BRIDGES, Water Locks, &c. for Canal Navigation, Churches, Town Halls, Banking Houses, Jails, Lazarettos, or any other Public Building.

Also, Gentlemens' Town Houses, Country Villas, Retreats, Conservatories, Garden Temples, and many other useful and ornamental Buildings, suited to advance and secure the comforts of retirement.

☞ Gentlemen about to build, or Master Tradesmen, may be supplied with Plans of Improvement worthy their attention.

May 26, 1815.

JOHN & JAMES BROWN'S Wholesale and Retail STORE.

JUST received at the above Store, North end of MARKET STREET, an elegant assortment MERCHANDIZE. Among a great variety, are the following articles, viz:

WOODS'S best London extra superfine Black, and Bottle Green CLOTHS,
Fine Black, Blue, Mix't and Brown Do.
Cassimers, cassinets and elastic cords,
Elegant blue and black Stockinetts, plain and ribb'd
Velvets and velvet Cords
Superior white Marseilles Vestings
Do. Buff, spotted and striped Do.
Elegant toilenett, fancy dark Vestings
Super undressed Chintzes
An elegant assortment of dress'd Do.
First and 2d quality furniture Chintzes
Low priced Calicoes of all kinds
A few pieces superfine and common Do.
3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linnens
Ladies and gentlemen superfine and common white cotton Hose
Gentlemen's white and mixt half Hose
4-4 and 6-4 superfine and common dress'd and undress'd Cambric Muslins.
4-4 and 5-4 India Muslins
Jackonett, mull and book Muslins plain and figured
Plain and figured Lenoes
Spidernett, lappet, corded and tape strip'd Muslins
Dimitys, long cloths and British shirtings
6-4, 4-4 and 3-4 cotton and linnen Checks
Platillas and brown Holland
Real and mock Madrass handkerchiefs
A great variety of fancy neck Do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 silk and cotton Cashmere Shawls
Do. Do. Chintz Do.
Superfine and common white and stamp'd pocket handkerchiefs
Ladies and Gentlemens' Silk, York tann'd and Kid Gloves
Ladies extra long Do.
Black and white plain and figured gauzes
Best English cotton balls, tape, bobbin and Scotch Thread
An elegant assortment of 7-4 and 8-4 Levantine silk shawls
Damask silk shawls, fancy and black silk handkerchiefs
Real Tortoise shell, mock and horn back and side combs
10-4 and 11-4 superior white counterpains
Edgings, laces, thread and cotton shirt buttons
Elegant plain and figured Parasols
Blue Nankeens
Pins, needles, fringes, trimmings, &c.
Elegant black, brown and bottle green bombazettes
Gilt and Mahogany fram'd looking glasses large and small
Gentlemens leather shoes and pumps
Ladies first quality leather and morocco Do.
Misses and childrens Do.

QUEENSWARE.

Plates, dishes, wash basons, cups & saucers, &c.
A few crates expected in a few days elegantly assorted, of Liverpool China
Best green Coffee, young hyson Tea and other groceries, &c.

HARDWARE, &c. &c.

As J. & J. BROWN have made arrangements both in New York and Philadelphia, in addition to one of them being generally, if not altogether there, they contemplate keeping a large and constant supply of GOODS, which being purchased with great care and for cash, will be sold WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any in the western country, for Cash or Country Produce.

Pittsburgh, August 19, 1815 tfq

Commission Warehouse

JOHN M'CLEAN,

GRATEFUL for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, begs leave to return thanks to his friends and the public

Having entered into partnership with HENRY DOANE, he solicits a continuance of their patronage. The concern will hereafter be carried on under the firm of

M'CLEAN & DOANE,

Who offer For Sale the following articles on reasonable terms for Cash or approved Notes, at their WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Commission Warehouse, in Water, between Market and Wood Streets.

New Orleans Sugar	Deck Rods
Coffee	Spike Rods
Tobacco	Steel
Brandy	Nails
Gin,	Wire from No 1 to 38
Whiskey	Anchors
Flour	Wrought Anvils
Juniper Berries	Vices
Refined Salt Petre	Scythes
Cables	Sickles
Cordage	Axes
Paste Boards	Hoes
Writing and Wrapping paper	Augers
Barr Iron	Cutting Knives

with a variety of *IRONMONGERY* too numerous to mention, together with a constant supply of *QUEENSWARE* manufactured by TROTTER & Co. at the *Pittsburgh Pottery*.

They have ALSO made arrangements with the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory*," (*J. S. Stevenson*) by which they can supply their customers with any quantity of WHITE LEAD, dry or ground in oil, at the manufacturers price, now $ 20 per cwt.

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1815. tf.

N. B. Consignments will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Samuel & John Thompson,

INFORM their numerous friends and customers, that they have this day entered into Partnership, under the firm of SAMUEL AND JOHN THOMPSON. They intend to carry on the MERCHANT TAYLOR BUSINESS in all its various branches, and have just received a supply of *Super Cloths, Cassimers*, and *Military Trimings*. They hope that by keeping a large and constant supply of first rate Cloths, Cassimers and Vestings, and by having their work executed in the neatest and most fashionable stile, to merit a continuance of public patronage as a firm, equal at least to what they have heretofore thankfully received when acting in the capacity of individuals. They likewise, for the accommodation of Travellers, intend to keep a large supply of CLOTHES READY MADE, and have, for that purpose, taken the south-west corner House of Market and Front Street. Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815. tf

N. B. As it now becomes highly necessary that their Books should be settled up to this date, they earnestly request every person having accounts thereon to come forward and settle the same by giving their note, or due bill, and those having demands are requested to come forward and receive payment.

NEW GOODS,

MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STREETS,

AND NEXT DOOR TO THE "BANK OF PITTSBURGH."

THOMAS & GREGG ALGEO,

Having entered into Partnership, trading under the Firm of

T. & G. Algeo,

Are now opening a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

of the latest importations from Europe, among which are the following:—

SUPERFINE furniture dress and low priced callicoes
Shirting muslins, Colerain, domestic & British
Cambric muslins; 6-4 and 4-4 dimities
Mull, spidernett and lappet muslins
Jackonet, plain and figured, book and cambric muslin
Green, black and brown bombazetts
Irish linen, Britannias, Russia diaper
Ladies' white cotton and silk hose
Ladies' short and long kid and silk gloves
Black, olive and changeable dress silks
Olive and dark cords and velvets
Vestings, white, buff and figured Marseilles
Fine and common plaids, stripes and chambrays
Light and dark pocket handkerchiefs
Real and mock madras handkerchiefs
Cotton and silk umbrellas; Parasols
Silk and cotton lace and edging
Pink, buff and blue striped ginghams
Damask, levantine and serged silk shawls
Cotton, imitation, cambric muslin and chintz shawls
Men's half hose, coloured and white
Black and assorted sewing silks
Black and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Blue, black and brown fine and superfine cloths
Blue, black and mixed cassimers
Red, yellow and white flannels
Course and fine checks
Ribbands, edged and plain, mantua and sattin
Pins, 7, 6, 5, 4 1-2, 3 1-2 lbs. and pound pins

QUEENSWARE

Large and small cups and saucers
Small, middling and long edged plates
Liverpool and common tea pots, &c.

HARDWARE.

Spades and shovels
Sweeping, shoe, clothes and horse brushes
Carpenters compasses; tacks and needles
Brass and iron candlesticks
Tortoise shell, mock and horn combs
Trunk, chest, till and padlocks
Cupboard, stock and knob locks
Real and sham buck and white handled knives and forks assorted
Knob and thumb latches; mason's trowels
Large shears and scissors; sheep shears
Handsaws and files
Bread and tea trays
Iron and brass rimmed coffee mills
Table and tea spoons; iron wire; brass nails
1, 1 1-2, 1 3-4, 2, 2 1-2, 3 1-2 and 4 inch butt hinges and screws.

GROCERIES.

Tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper and allspice
Rice, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs
Indigo; allum; copperas and lampblack
James river, ladies' twist & Kentucky tobacco
Jamaica spirits; brandy; Port and Teneriffe wine
Mackarel; Shad and Herring.

The above GOODS are offered WHOLESALE and RETAIL at a small advance for cash or approved country produce.

THOMAS ALGEO
CREGG ALGEO.

Pittsburgh, July 29, 1815. 6t

N B. The subscriber wishes all those who are indebted to him for a longer term than four months, to make immediate payment.

THOMAS ALGEO.

BEEF CATTLE.

WANTED, a number of BEEF CATTLE, for which the highest price, in Cash will be paid on delivery in Pittsburgh.

RICHARD SANDERSON.

Aug. 18, 1815.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, my wife MARY WILAND, has left my bed and board, without cause or provocation, I HEREBY forwarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting after this date.

JOHN WILAND.

Aug. 18, 1815.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I THANK the Citizens of the Western Country for the unexpected liberality I have received, as respects business. I intend going shortly to Baltimore, where I shall commence in the Commission line, having made arrangements accordingly. I have no doubt that every person I owe will pay me a visit. In consequence, I sincerely hope that every person indebted to me, will use exertions, and enable me to give said visitors a suitable reception.

ESISHA BROWN.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE Subscriber will Sell one-half of the HOUSE and LOT, occupied by Mr. William Morrow, Sign of the Green Tree, on the corner of Fourth and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. The House is large, and is well calculated for both Store and Tavern, or any kind of Public busines. The Lot is 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet on Fourth Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferry Street, between Front and Second Streets, occupied by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground rent of $40 per annum. For terms apply to JOHN JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsburgh, or to the subscriber in Allegheny Town, opposite Pittsburgh.

HUGH DAVIS.

August 2, 1815. tf

Blue, Green, and Turkey Red DYEING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has commenced the Dyeing of the above-mentioned colours at the stand of John Hannah, corner of Front and Ferry Streets, where all those who please to favour him with their custom, shall have their colouring, done on the shortest notice, at the following prices, viz:—Deep Blue and Green at 50 Cents per lb. and Turkey Red at $ 1 50 per lb. The colours are warranted not to fade.

JOSEPH SLOW.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

FOR SALE,

A LARGE THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE, situate in Wood between Front and Water Streets, adjoining Allen & Grant's Store.

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received and offer by wholesale.

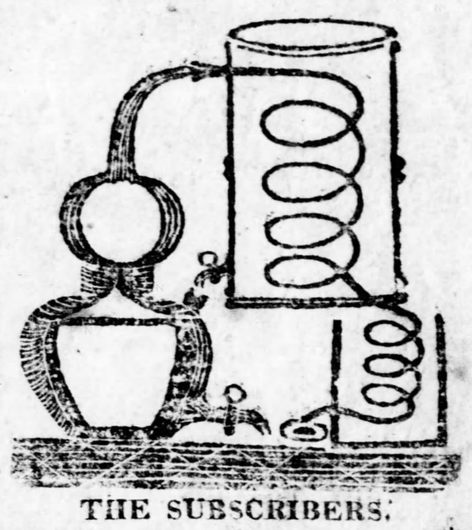
CALLICOES, Loom Shirtings, Cambric Muslins, Ginghams, Super Prints, undressed do. Muslin and Cotton Shawls, Cotton Flag Handkerchiefs, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Pins.

A variety of *Cutlery* and *Hardware*, consisting of Knives and Forks, Table, Desert and Carvers, Shoe Knives, Pocket and Penknives, Table Spoons, Padlocks, Jewsharps, Files, Locks, Butt Hinges and Screws.

Missouri Furs and *Skins*, consisting of Beaver, Otter, Muskrat, Racoon and Fox; Buffalo and Bearskins.

Pig and Bar Lead. Saltpetre.

Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf



THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER'S Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Ware,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks, Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Being concerned in a

COMB MANUFACTORY,

they will keep a constant supply of COMBS of different kinds, and of an excellent quality, which they are determined to dispose of as low as they are sold at any Manufactory in the United States.

Mr. Miltenberger having removed to Philadelphia, they have made arrangements to keep a supply of *Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron, Wire*, and other materials used in their business, which being purchased for Cash, they will be enabled to sell at the most reduced prices.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815.

*** Orders for any articles in their line thankfully received and attended to with the strictest punctuality.

The highest price given for Old Pewter, Copper and Brass.

Wanted, Two Boys, as Apprentices to the Coppersmith Business & Brass Foundery.

Constant employment and the highest wages will be given to EIGHT or TEN Journeymen, who are wanted immediately.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ss.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

SEAL

THE Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to JOHN VANLEAR, *Greeting:* WE command you, as before you were commanded, that all business and excuses whatever being laid aside, you be and appear in your proper person, before the Justices of our Supreme Court, at our same Court, to be held at Pittsburgh, on the *first Monday of September next*, in and for the Western District of the State of Pennsylvania, to answer the petition or libel of your wife JANE VANLEAR, praying a divorce from the bonds of matrimony, and to shew cause, if any you have, why your said wife JANE VANLEAR, should not be divorced and separated from the bonds of matrimony, which she hath contracted with you, by the decree of our same Court, agreeably to the said petition or libel, exhibited to the Honorable WILLIAM TILGHMAN, Esq. Chief Justice of our said Court, at Pittsburgh, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and of the Commonwealth the thirty-ninth.

W. B. IRISH, *Pro. Supreme Court, W. D.*

Allowed per WM. TILGHMAN.

To John Vanlear,

TAKE NOTICE, that pursuant to the above subpoena, you are required to be and appear in your proper person, before the Justices of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at a Court to be held by the same Justices, at Pittsburgh, on the *first Monday of September next*, in and for the Western District of the State of Pennsylvania, to answer the petition or libel in the subpoena above mentioned.

WM. WOODS,
Sheriff of Allegheny County.

July 26, 1815.

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost.

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,
WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & EXCELL.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

PITTSBURGH
Manhattan School,
FOR
YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN

MR. LOOMIS, respectfully returns thanks to his patrons for their liberal patronage since the commencement of his School in this place, and informs them and the public that he continues to teach both sexes Reading, Penmanship analytically, English Grammar, English Composition, Geography, with the use of the Globes and Maps, Drawing of Maps, Bookkeeping, the Languages, &c.

The system of Education adopted in this School, will be that which is pursued in the celebrated Manhattan School, in the city of New-York, conducted by Mr. A. Picket, its successful founder; and which is acknowledged by men of the first literary reputation to be one of the best conducted Schools, in that city or in the United States. Here, about five hundred children of both sexes, comprising some of the best families in the city, constantly attend and are taught in such a manner as does the greatest honor to the teacher, and results in the happiest consequence to the pupils. It is of the utmost importance to teach children in such a manner that they will understand what they learn, and know how to apply it to the active pursuits of life. To give them words without accustoming them to attach some definite meaning to them, is, like blindfolding a man and commanding him to find a certain object; every effort leads him astray, and renders him more uncertain of its attainment, so children if their minds are burdened with knowledge without understanding, find themselves uninterested in the pursuit, of course their progress in acquiring it will be but small: they must be brought to love learning if we would expect ever to teach them to good purpose, for the mind always eagerly imbraces that which it previously loves.

In this School every requisite attention will be paid to the learning and amiable deportment of the pupils, and no labour will be thought too arduous to form the young mind for future usefulness and respectability in society. The education of youth is difficult and requires unwearied attention and experience, for no man is born a teacher, it is an occupation which requires many years practice to become a proficient in the business. To his many years experience in teaching an extensive School and unwearied diligence, the subscriber looks for public patronage, pledging himself to a conscientious discharge of the duties incumbent on a teacher, he with confidence solicits the patronage of the public.

For terms of Tuition, References, &c. please to apply at the School Room, over Mr THOMAS ALLEO's Store, Market Street.

N. B. Young Ladies will be taught plain and ornamental Needle Work, in a separate apartment, by Mrs. Loomis.

Morning Tuition will commence on the 1st of May, for Penmanship, from 6 to 8 o'clock, at Six Dollars a quarter, payable in advance

P. S. On hand and constantly for Sale, ENGLISH QUILLS of the best quality, wholesale and retail.

Pittsburgh, April 28, 1815.

COLUMBIAN
STEAM ENGINES.
THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE
COMPANY,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the Public generally that their establishment is now in complete operation and consists of a

STEAM ENGINE FACTORY,

for furnishing Steam Engines on Oliver Evans's construction, which daily experience is proving to be the cheapest and most powerful.

AN AIR FOUNDERY,

on an extensive scale, capable of furnishing castings of any description, but particularly adapted to machinery.

AN ANVIL AND ANCHOR FACTORY,

capable of furnishing anvils and anchors of the largest size.

A BRASS FOUNDERY,

calculated for general castings, but particularly for machinery and large bells, which will be warranted of the first quality.

A BUTT-HINGE FACTORY,

will also shortly be in operation, on a scale sufficiently large to supply any demand. It is also intended to supply small castings annealed.

A PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP, AND A BORING AND TURNERS SHOP.

The lathes are driven by the force of steam; and all orders in the different branches of turning *Iron, Brass, Wood, &c.* will be executed with dispatch.

They also carry on the business of
SCREW MAKING,

and are prepared to furnish Rolling and Slitting Mill, Paper Mill, Fullers, Tobacco and Millstone Screws, &c.

The *Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company* flatter themselves that the nature and extent of their establishment, will enable them to furnish any article in the mechanical line particularly, on as short and as favorable terms as any establishment in the state.

They have on hand a STEAM ENGINE, sufficiently powerful to grind from 20 to 25 bushels of Wheat per hour, in the best manner. Also, a number of Paper Mill, Fullers, and Mill Screws, and Sugar Mill apparatus.

March 1, 1815. tf

Broad Cloths & Sattinets
FOR SALE BY
GEORGE COCHRAN,

AT his Woollen Manufactory, corner of Diamond Alley and Liberty Street, by the piece or yard, as cheap as they can be had in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

Also, a few Stocking Nette, Worsted Woollen and Cotton Half Hose.

G. C. respectfully solicits the patronage of the public to encourage his Manufactory, and assures those who may wish to purchase, that his Cloth is not inferior according to quality, either in colour and durability, to that imported from Great-Britain.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1815.

FOR SALE,
OR RENT ON PERPETUAL LEASE,
SIXTEEN LOTS OF GROUND

SITUATE on the Allegheny river, in the Borough of Pittsburgh——Also, THREE LOTS, on Fourth street and Redoubt alley.—

A plan of the Lots may be seen on application to the subscriber.

THOMAS WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 17, 1815.

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,
Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a ***GENERAL MEDICINE,*** *in this Country.*

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the **BILIOUS DISEASES** of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills.* The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weak female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy,* promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

IN CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery, Croup,* and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

DOCTOR HANDY'S
WORM
DESTROYING LOZENGES.

bringing away WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary.—The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms,* of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm,* at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the readers time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are acquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above Valuable MEDICINE, *is Sold, ONLY, by*
J. P. & J. W. Skelton,
At their WHOLESALE & RETAIL *Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets,*
PITTSBURGH.

December 13, 1813.

Storage and Commission
BUSINESS.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have taken that well known WAREHOUSE of Mr. JESSE REEDER, near the Steam Mill, CINCINNATI, where they take in Goods on Storage, or to sell on Commission; from their situation, (as it will save drayage) and attention to business, they flatter themselves that it will be to the advantage of those, who have business to be done in this line, to favour them with it.

WILLIAM NEWMAN,
JAMES ESSEX,
THOMAS WILLIAMS.

Cincinnati, May 18, 1815. 6m.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
From Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store, *New-York, a fresh supply of the following*
Genuine Medicines.

A Sovereign Remedy for Colds, Obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most Disorders of the Breast and Lungs.

THE celebrity acquired by this Medicine through the United States, for speedily removing coughs, colds, hoarseness, &c. exceeds all former examples. The following recommendation, selected from a very numerous list, will fully confirm what has been said of its unparalelled excellence.

"To H. LEE

"Being desirous to make public, for the good of others, the excellent qualities of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast, received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breath being difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed, with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these, constant pain in my breast, a cough, a great loss of flesh and strength, and you may conceive that my symptoms indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, but without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me, and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give "*Hamilton's Elixir*" a trial, saying he had used it in his practice, and always found it to do much good. A bottle was procured, and I found relief before I had taken half of it. I continued to use it, and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms returned, but are always removed by a dose or two of the Elixir.

"GEORGE BRENER, Jr.
"*No.* 21, *Budd Street, Philadelphia.*"

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Will prove a valuable acquisition to public speakers, who may be subject to temporary hoarseness and thickness of speech. In long confirmed asthmatic complaints where a cure can scarcely be expected, *this medicine affords immediate relief,* moderating the fits of coughing, and rendering their recurrence less frequent. On children afflicted with the hooping cough, the like beneficial effects may confidently be expected.

Hamilton's Worm Lozenges.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body: but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders	Violent cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions	
Lowness of Spirits	Indigestion
Loss of Appetite	Melancholy
Impurity of Blood	Gout in the Stomach
Hysterical Affections	Pains in the Limbs
Inward Weaknesses	Relaxations, &c.

HAMILTON'S
GENUINE ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Palsy, Lumbago, Numbness, White Swelling, Chilblains, Bruises and Sprains, and pain in the Face and Neck.

This valuable remedy is prepared both in a fluid state and in pills, and thus excellently adapted for external and internal use.

ITCH CURED BY ONCE USING.
LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT

The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this disease (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night on going to bed, it never fails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last 10 years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible remedy for the ITCH, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect safety to the tenderest infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell, but equally agreeable with the most pleasant pomatum.

HAHN'S
True and Genuine German Corn Plaister.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
For the Teeth and Gums.

HAHN'S
Genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the Eyes.

HAHN'S
ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

Celebrated for the mildness of their operation for being the best known remedy for cleansing the stomach and bowels.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

INFALLIBLE
AGUE AND FEVER DROPS,
For the cure of Ague, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

A multitude of attested cures performed by the above medicines, may be seen at the place of Sale.

Purchasers are requested to remember that an engraved label with the signature of HANNAH LEE, widow of the late Richard Lee, Jr. is affixed to each of the genuine Medicines.

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY

BOSLER & CO.
Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*

April 22, 1815. tf

To the Public.

WE, the subscribers, passengers in the Mail Stage which left Philadelphia on the 20th inst. for Pittsburgh, having witnessed gross misconduct in an Innkeeper and Proprietor in the line of Stages, named THOMAS LINDSAY, of Chambersburgh, do feel it to be our duty to give public notice of the same for the benefit of Travellers. We arrived at his house after a fatiguing ride of 37 hours from Philadelphia, without any sleep, and made immediate application for supper and lodging. There appeared to be a considerable number of persons in the inn, and a coach and four had just driven up.—Mr. Lindsay thought proper to keep us waiting by our baggage, as he was too busy to attend to us. On our becoming urgent to have accommodations, he remarked, that his house was full; that he could not accommodate us; that he did not consider it a favor for Travellers to stop at his house; that we might get lodgings elsewhere, &c. We remonstrated against such treatment in a keeper of a Stage tavern, upon which he became greatly irritated and abusive To one of our number, who urged upon him our claims to his attention, Mr. L. was particularly insulting; ordered him from his house, and endeavoured to push him out of it; declared that he should not continue his seat in the Stage, and refused a tender of the Stage fare from him. Four of us were compelled to seek lodgings at another inn, and after much difficulty, (owing to the taverns being unusually full) obtained them at the house of Mr. Jacob Snyder, where they were treated with all suitable attention. Mr. Lindsay finally assented to the others remaining at his house. The individual forced from the Stage in this arbitrary manner, took advice of George Chambers, Esq. Attorney at Law, who addressed a letter to Mr. Lindsay, informing him that he had orders to commence a suit for damages, unless he permitted the person to continue his journey. In answer to this letter Mr. Lindsay asserted, (as we were informed by Mr. Samuel Lyon) that the reason of his refusing a seat was this—the person was a way passenger, and the usual number was complete without him. This we pronounce a falsehood; as Mr. Lindsay well knew that this individual had taken a seat at Philadelphia for Pittsburgh, and Mr. Lindsay offered the vacated seat to another person, whose name was inserted on the waybill, and afterwards stricken out. Some of the passengers having stopt short of Pittsburgh, we are unable to procure their signatures to this advertisement, but they fully approve a publication of the affair, among them was Mr. Samuel Lyon, of Carlisle, who left us at Bedford.

STEPHEN SHEA, *Greensburgh, Pa.*
JOSEPH EVANS, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*
LEWIS TAPPAN, *Boston, Mass.*
JAMES MATHEWS, *Albany, N. Y.*
WM. DONALDSON, *Natchez, Miss.*

July 29, 1815.

Wholesale Store.
CHARLES L. VOLTZ & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the Merchants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that they have removed from their former stand at D. Logan & Co's Commission Warehouse to Wood street, next door to G. & C. Anshutz, where they intend to keep an extensive assortment of English DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY and GERMAN GOODS, which they will henceforth receive direct from the Manufactures in Europe, having connections in Baltimore, who are largely in the importing line.—Under these circumstances they will be enabled at all times to sell their goods at very reduced prices, which they hope will induce the Merchants of this place and the western country, to favour them with their custom.

On hand the following articles:

Files of every description; knifes and forks, razors, brass cocks, slates, woodscrews, awl-blades, needles, thimbles, flints, Turkey cotton, combs, pocket books, sun-glasses, pocket pistols, snuff boxes, German looking glasses, flutes, violins and do. strings, playing cards, shot bags, quills, a variety of ribbons, galloons and thread edgings. Elegant French CHINA. Which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms by *WHOLESALE ONLY,* for Cash or approved negotiable Notes.

May 12, 1815. 3mq

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen from the farm of Daniel Darragh, Mingo creek, Washington county, on the night of the 17th July last, a large iron grey HORSE, 4 or 5 years old, between 15 and 16 hands high, racks well; also a small sorrel HORSE, 5 or 6 years old, between 13 and 14 hands high, hogg'd mane, left hind foot white, no marks recollected. The above reward will be paid to any person taking up said Horses, and giving information to Daniel Darragh or John Morton, Mingo creek, or to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

JOHN DARRAGH.

August 3, 1815.

Citizens of Pittsburgh,
AND
Customers of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

THE proprietors of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, inform the public that they have on hand a good supply of Wheat and a large quantity of Corn, and therefore expect to furnish during the season, on reasonable terms, FRESH FLOUR, and boulted CORN MEAL, of a superior quality.

WHEAT, RYE and CORN, purchased and the highest prices given.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

TO MERCHANTS, DRUGGISTS, &c.
WHITE LEAD.

THE subscriber informs his Correspondents and other dealers in WHITE LEAD, that he has made an arrangement, by which he receives from the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory,*" (J. S. STEVENSON) a constant supply of White Lead, both Dry and Ground in Oil, which he will sell on the most liberal terms. The reputation of this Factory is perfectly established, and the Lead shall be warranted equal to any manufactured in the United States. The present price is $20 per cwt. and will be always as low, if not lower, than any sold in this place.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr
corner of Wood and Water Streets.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1815.

ROSIN SOAP.

ORMSBY & DOANE have just received a further supply of ROSIN and COMMON SOAP—Also, POT and PEARL ASH, which they offer for Sale.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1815.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has received and ready delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD,
Of Orthography and Pronunciation,
AND IMPROVED
DICTIONARY
OF THE
ENGLISH LANGUAGE,

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers; A large variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.

March 1, 1815.

Benjamin Darlington,

WISHES to inform the public in general that he has taken that large three story brick Warehouse of N. Cunningham, in Pitt Street, between Market and Wood Streets, two doors from Market Street; where he has on hand and intends keeping, a general supply of

HARDWARE.
—On hand now—

Hand Screws	Case Combs assorted
Knives and Forks	Ivory Combs do.
Pen and double bladed Knives	Looking Glasses
Pocket Knives	Gun Locks
Barlow do.	Handsaw Files
Thumb Latches	Millsaw do.
Razors assorted	Files assorted
Large Sheers	Plated and Gilt Coat Buttons
Scissors assorted	Plated & Gilt Vest do.
Curry Combs	Metal Buttons,
Post Coffee Mills	Gorum do.
Box do. do.	Pearl and Ivory do.
Iron and Steel blade Squares	Butt Hingers & Screws assorted
Compasses	Saddlery assorted
Locks assorted, viz:	English Plated Bits and Stirrups
Knob, Cupboard, Chest, Till, Desk } Locks	American do.
Padlocks assorted	Buckles and Slides
Window Bolts assorted	Steel Heads & Throats
Round Bolts assorted	Inlets and Plasters
Window Pullies	Roller Buckles assorted
Tutania Table and Tea Spoons	Tinned 2 barrel Stirrups
Iron Table and Tea Spoons	Best 2 barrel Waggoners Stirrups
Iron Candlesticks	Spoon-cheek Snaffles
Table Hinges	Pipe-end do.
Iron and Mock Combs assorted	Saddle Cloths
	Cotton and Strainer Web
	Cut Tacks assorted all sizes and prices

All which will be sold low for Cash, or approved endorsed notes at 60 and 90 days.

Pittsburgh, June 24, 1815.

SPEAKMAN & SAY,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a Drug and Chemical *Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, and taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, third door from Front Street.

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing such articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expences, only.

☞ *They now offer for Sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. *for Cash, Produce, or at the usual Credit.*

May 30, 1815. tf

BARR IRON.

THE subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

Juniata and Centre County BARR IRON.

WHICH he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and Blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of Waggon Tire drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best Waggon Boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814.

PITTSBURGH POTTERY
Trotter & Co.

HAVING established their Manufactory of QUEENSWARE, in Pittsburgh, and commenced fabricating wares similar to those of the Potteries in Philadelphia, take this opportunity to inform the public, that they are ready to execute such orders for those who may have the goodness to favour them, at their Pottery, corner of Seventh and Grant Streets, or to ANTHONY BEELEY & Co. or RICHARD AND BOWEN & Co. where specimens of the Ware may be seen.

List of Articles at present Manufacturing.

Wash-hand basons,	Coffee Pots,
Ewers,	Tea Pots,
Chambers,	Coffee Cups,
Dutch Jugs,	Tea Cups,
Bowls,	Chocolates,
Mugs,	Sugar Basons,
Goblets,	Butter Tubs,
Pitchers,	Baking Dishes.

February 8, 1815. tf

CASTINGS.

ORMSBY & DOANE, have just received a large supply of assorted CASTINGS: and from arrangements made with the Brighton Iron Works, they will be able to fill orders to any extent, at all times.

Also, manufactured TOBACCO, of a superior quality, for Sale as above.

Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

NOTICE.

PROTHONOTARY'S OFFICE,
July 27, 1815.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the different Justices of the Peace of Allegheny County, that the Laws passed at the last Session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, are received and ready for delivery, to those who are by law entitled to them.

E. PENTLAND, *Prothonotary.*